

THE HERALD.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 23, 1853.

CUTTING EDGE.

Parker Pillsbury has published an attack on Charles Sumner, for the purpose of showing that the course of the latter goes to strengthen and perpetuate Slavery.

Wendell Phillips is out on Horseback for private reasons.

The above, from the leading abolition journal in the State, is certainly worthy of notice. It is the expression of an apostate who did not expect from this source, and will not be somewhat startled to the constant readers of our paper. "When a reformed rat loses from economic sense, his will do a world of mischief"; but what if there is no "economic sense" for him to "turn loose" from?—Then Parker Pillsbury and Wendell Phillips will not do much "world of mischief" after all!

The premises are good and the conclusion legitimate, but the implication seems to be somewhat "foggy," and evidently needs some elucidation. Shall we have it?

CAPTION IN PATERSON, or Life among the Guards. A Present Novel by Benjamin T. Bowen. Published by Gould & Lincoln, 30 Washington, So. Boston.

The above work is a nice 12 mo. ed. of 293 pp., elegantly printed and bound, and is a narrative of a California adventure, who was captured by the natives of Patagonia, and remained with them those months before an opportunity offered of making his escape. The work is exceedingly well written, and gives a succinct sketch of the manners, customs, habits, and presents of the Patagonians. Capt. Bowen's narrative gives us much information of this barbarous race of Indians, of whom so many hideous stories have been given. His authenticity cannot be doubted; and we question whether the scenes, trials, hardships, adventures, &c., could have been more vividly drawn, had they emanated from the pen of Irving or Cooper. We believe this is the only work ever published giving anything like a history of those "barbarous Indians." It will be readily sought for in all classes, and we anticipate a great sale, in fact, a second "Uncle Tom's Cabin." The book is put at \$5.00, which is very low, considering the value of the publication.

PETITION OF MONTREAL for April, is received, containing the usual variety of excellent reading; a continuation of "York Doggerelized," and a long article on the Bourbon question, by Rev. John H. Hanson. This publication is rapidly acquiring popularity, and will eventually rank among the first periodicals of the kind in the world. As it is distinctly American and original, it should receive the support of every friend of American literature, not only in the way of contributions to its pages of such articles as may be generally interested, but also in the way of "material aid"—a matter of considerable consequence. Published at New York by G. P. Putnam & Co., 10 Park Place, at 25 cents a number, or \$2 per year; for sale in Rutland by H. L. Spencer, at the same price.

THE PARLOR ANNUAL commences a new volume with the April number. Published by J. R. REED, New York, at \$1 per annum.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—In Washington County, Hon. Calvin Blodgett, anti-slavery, is declared elected by a vote of 1672 to 1674 for Hon. Daniel Baldwin, temperance candidate. Both are Democrats, and the *Patriot* claims that the election was controlled by political considerations. On the other hand, the *Watchman* and the *Repository* intimate that it was controlled by a *state* return from the town of Woodbury.

Below is a list of Commissioners elected. Those in Italics (a majority) being opposed to the law.

ADDITIONS.—Davis Rich, Bennington; Leonard Sargent, Caledonia; Charles Davis, Chittenden; Daniel Goodale, Essex; Greenleaf Webb, Franklin; Austin Fuller, Lamoni, H. H. H. Inglesham; Origen, J. E. Chamberlain; Orleans, Samuel Conant; Rutland; Sally W. Hobbs, Washington; Odilia Blodgett, Windham; John Roberts, Windsor; Nokomis Haskell.

WOMEN'S RIGHTS IN VERMONT.—A Sheriff recently undertook to search a dwelling house in Bradford, where there was supposed to be stolen property, when the women of the house resisted him with a poker and an axe. The officer having arrested them from her, she pulled a boomer of hot water upon him, and thus arrested the progression of resistance by cutting a three or four inch hole in her head with a sharp scissars, after which she was secured.—The state authorities were bound.

FOR IN NEW HAVEN.—A dwelling, barn, and shed, belonging to Anne Bates, in New Haven village, were destroyed by fire early on the morning of Friday last. The fire was discovered at about 3 o'clock, A. M., cause unknown. Insured for about \$1400 in the Vermont Mutual.

THE NEW YORK SUNSHINE.—An anonymous letter, the Sunday Atlas announces that a discovery of the most importance to white abolitionists has been made by Mr. Scruggs, a maker of port and champagne wines in New Jersey. It is stated that the rapid consumption of cockroaches used to give the nutty and peculiar flavor flavor to wine, has made it difficult to find a sufficient supply.

In this determines the wine makers converted the happy idea that belladonna might be used as a substitute.

He tried the experiment and the result was far more satisfactory than he had anticipated.

It was found that a quart of belladonna contained as much of the flavoring principle as three parts or more of the roaches—and that the former has but little of that narcotic or sleep-producing effect, which is attributed to the latter.

Contracts have been made with some of the fashionable boarding house keepers in Philadelphia and New York for an ample supply of this new article of traffic.

It is thought that the Boarders will be somewhat pleased with the intelligence.

ITALIAN NEWS.—The Newark Daily Advertiser is informed from a private source that "everything is now quiet in Italy, and no prospect of further disturbance is visible. The population of Lombardy earlier under new regiments, on account of the unhappy results of the uprisings, wherever they are, of the late proceedings. Several hundred refugees under an arrangement with the Saracidan government, were to be sent to America in a few days by a public ship, as candidates for American favor."

We are indebted to H. A. Scoville, Esq., of Auburn, California, for a copy of the Weekly Pioneer Herald, of Feb. 5, for which we will accept one thanks.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

The reports of the troubles in Hindostan are confirmed. The rebels have not triumphed. There are rumors of extensive measures fully enacted later by the Hindostan and Guernsey people, upon which some light may be cast by further advice from that region.

On the other hand, Kingston papers, received by Uncle Sam, state that H. M. steamer *Devastation* arrived at Port Royal on the 5th of March, five days from the Bahamas. No news. This is the steamer which, according to many newspaper in the town, has been securing the rights of the Mexican King at Tongoli, the right that may be, and also making names and in the neighborhood of Lomas. Her way of quietly entering Port Royal, "four days from the Bahamas—now," after all these capitals, makes one think that the reports of her firing were only based on this side of the Mexican Gulf.

A case by the name of Residen Santa committed suicide in Buffalo, on Saturday afternoon, while in a fit of extreme distress, by cutting his throat with a pair of scissars. His friends had sent him some time previous, and had left him but for a few moments when he committed the fatal act by severing the jugular vein with a pair of scissars which he had concealed about him.

—Quite an *accident* occurred at the Census Office, at Washington on Monday, the 21st, on the advent of Mr. De Bow, the newly appointed Census agent. One hundred clerks were suddenly reassigned, and only 8 or 10 retained. Mr. Kennedy, in running over for Mr. De Bow, arrived with a witt of explosion, carried off with him several cartloads of manuscripts, which he considers his private property, and with which he designs to publish, on his own account, a full census report, which Congress had not the good sense to order. Mr. K. gave bonds in \$4000 to return to the Census Office all that belonged to it.

—The Superior Court of New Hampshire, in a case before it for the recovery of the amount of a note given for a stock of goods bought, including a quantity of liquor, stated the liquor had sold without a license, was an illegal transaction, and consequently invalidated the whole bill.—Verdict for the defendants.

—Among the appointments by the President, of which there are too many to notice in detail, we may mention ALFRED FELCH, of Michigan; ROBERT A. THOMPSON, of Virginia, and THOMAS CAMPBELL, of Illinois, to be Commissioners under the act of Congress approved March 3, 1851, to ascertain and settle the private land claims in California; and JOHN H. HEEM, of Kentucky, whose nomination was not acted on by the Senate, and HILAND HALL, of Vermont, and HENRY J. THOMSON, of Alabama, removed. Judge Hall, receives his appointment from Mr. Fillmore, some two years since, and has performed the duties of the office with signal ability and to the satisfaction of all concerned. It is too good a Whig, however, to find favor in the eyes of our new rulers.

—The late arrivals of gold from California, and the favorable accounts of European exchange by the Canadas, have had a tendency to render the money market easier than at last reports, and the business of the country is thriving under renewed facilities for its successful transaction. Care should be exercised that the present prospers does not seduce men into speculations which a reverse in this state of things would ruin. Too much caution cannot be had.

—An extensive conflagration occurred in Brooklyn on Tuesday evening, 22d inst., involving the destruction of about \$50,000 worth of property—including fifteen dwelling houses, shops and other buildings. The property destroyed was situated on Pearl and Adams streets and York Alley. The fire is supposed to have been the work of design, and two women have been arrested, and locked up on suspicion. The insurance is light.

—The investigation of charges against the Alderman of New York, and others, heretofore alluded to, is proceeding in that city, with closed doors. Very little has yet transpired that can be depended upon, but enough to prove that the half of the corruption and wickedness of the city fathers has not been even suspected. The facts will soon be known.

—On Wednesday last an empty cattle train ran off the track near the northern depot in Lowell. A complete wreck was made of eleven cars belonging to the Pennsylvania Railroad. Damage some \$5000 to \$6000.

—The door of one of the cars of the cattle train on the Vt. and Massachusetts railroad on the 15th, got broken open between Ashburnham and Fitchburg, and three cattle fell out. An ox train passing down soon after, ran over and killed one of the oxen, and the other two were so badly injured that they were not fit to go to market.

The cattle belonged to Jacob Root of Greenfield, and Mountain Mansfield and Sheldon of Deerfield.

—The Assembly of Wisconsin has passed the bill abolishing the penalty of death for the crime of murder, and substituting imprisonment for life. The vote stood 30 in favor, 28 opposed. The fit side of the bill is composed of a majority in the Senate.

—Mr. Ryan was dangerously hurt in head on Saturday evening last, in an affray with two others by the name of Hogan, in the southern part of Troy. The Hogan's were arrested and locked up to await the issue of the inquiry.

—Hon. Rufus King, Vice President elect, took the usual oath of office on the 4th of March, at Albany. It was administered by Compt. Rodney. Mr. King's health is very feeble, and it is said to be impossible for him to recover, though he may linger several months, in that mild climate.

—Yesterday, 22d inst., was Good Friday, the most solemn fast in the season of Lent, commemorative of a dying Savior's loss. The season closes with the joyful Feast of Easter on the morrow. (Sunday) in commemoration of his glorious resurrection.

—**VALU OF COMMERCIAL PAPER.**—A number of our State street banks was asked by a member of the Legislature on the 24th. Three seizures were made, amounting in all to over a hundred gallons of the writer, which was summarily condemned and poured out, and each of the offending parties paid \$20 and costs. It doesn't seem to pay, to disregard the law now-a-days, and, as things are going, people will begin to find it out pretty shortly! Those who have the bills of exchange to their possession will need something more than the \$20, by destroying it themselves, a sum which may as well be taken and acted upon first as last.

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Local Opinions.

BOSTON, MASS., MARCH 23, 1853.

FACTS IN THE CASE.

—We believe that Ruthie, a Servant more than any other place in the State, is noted for the attention she has paid, and is still paying, to town improvements. With a rapidly increasing population, the necessary erection of new buildings, (and) inadequate to the demand of the continual opening of new streets and thoroughfares, and the consequent advance in the price of real estate,—our citizens are awake to the importance of improvements, and have thus far evinced a taste in plan, and an absence of exaction, that does them infinite credit. Our Hotels and other public buildings, our streets, gutters and walks, the beautiful park trees, and other ornaments of the town, are being under the care of the Master King at Tongoli, the right that may be, and also making names and in the neighborhood of Lomas. Her

way of quietly entering Port Royal, "four days from the Bahamas—now," after all these capitals, makes one think that the reports of her firing were only based on this side of the Mexican Gulf.

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—The steamship Canada, Capt. Stone, reached Boston at about 7.15 o'clock on Sunday evening, having left Liverpool on the 9th, and Halifax on the evening of the 18th inst., at 1.2 o'clock. Her passage was prolonged by strong westerly gales.

—The British funds were tolerably steady during the week, and slightly advanced on the announcement of the settlement of the Austrian Turkish question.

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